THE

SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestick.

Monday, October 7*th*, 1745. [*Numb.* 602]

EDINBURGH, June 21.

WE hear, that a Ship from *Glasgow*, Capt. *Hugh Wallace*, Commander, bound for *Virginia* with a common Commodity from that Port, viz. two Dozen of the Ladies of the Town, met in his Passage with a *French* Ship from the *Havanna*, laden with Money and Ballast, and 45 Men; a lucky Thought immediately struck Capt. *Wallace*, which was to make Use of his *Fire Ships* against the *Monsieurs*, and having ask'd the *Ladies* whether they, who had so oft stood the Brunt of many Engagements, were now afraid of giving one Broad side to the *French*. To which they chearfully replied, That it was long since they were past Fear of what Man could do unto them, that they had hitherto never yielded, and if he would try their Courage, premis'd him Victory. On this the Captain dress'd up his invincible Amazons in red Coats, and provided them with Fire Arms. The *French* no sooner saw their warlike Appearance, but their Hearts failed them, and despairing of Success, peaceably yielded up both Ship and Cargo, which is likely to prove very valuable. The Capt. took 31 Prisoners aboard his own Vessel with about 2000 *l.* in Specie, and proceeded on his Voyage; his Mate, with 7 of his Hands, conducted the rest of the *French* with the Vessel into *Clyde*; they are rifling the Ballast, and have already found 12,000 Pieces of Eight, and expect to find a great deal more.

From the Camp of the Allies near Grammont.

Two *English* Battalions with 300 Recruits are just arrived here, together with two *Dutch* Battalions and a great Number of other Troops; 700 are upon the Road hither; so that in a short Time the Army will be stronger than it was before the Battle of *Fontenoy*.

Aeth, May 15. The Allies lost in the late Battle 20 Pieces of Cannon, and about 100 Waggons of Ammunition, a *Pandour* having seized the Drivers of those Waggons, which made them cut the Harness and ride away with the Horses full Speed; so that the Army could not carry off the said Cannon and Waggons.

London, May 14. They write from *Brussels*, that on the 3d Instant they discover'd two Spies in our Camp near *Aeth*; upon one of whom they found a List of the whole Allied Army, both of which were hang'd. We are assured that 6000 Men out of the Garison of *Luxemburgh*, Four Battalions from *Nassau*, and two Regiments and several other Troops from different Places are on their March, in order to reinforce the Allied Army, the whole of which Reinforcement, consisting of *English*, *Dutch*, and *Austrians*, will amount to near 21,000 Men.

May 23. It is said, that one of the *Dutch* Captains, who thought proper to retire from the Battle of *Fontenoy*, had been seized (at a Town where he had got to for shelter) by order their High Mightinesses, the States General, and a Halter put about his Neck, and whipped by the common Hangman, after which his Sword was broke on his Head.

May 25. Three Regiments of Foot, viz. *Mordaunt's*, *Price's*, and Lieutenant General *Handasyd's*, are ordered to embark To-morrow, at *Dover*, for *Flanders*.

And all the Four Battalions of the three Regiments of Foot Guards are ordered to be on the Parade in *St. James's* Park that Morning, and none to be absent, when a Draught of 15 Men per Company, amounting in all to 540 private Men, besides Officers, will be made for *Flanders*.

May 23. We learn by Letters from *Frankfort*, that a Treaty of perpetual Friendship and Alliance is on Foot between the Courts of *Vienna*, *Dresden*, and *Munich*, by which all the Disputes relating to the *Austrian* Succession will be finally determined.

They write from *Prague*, that they expect there a Train of Artillery from *Vienna*, of 100 Pieces of Battering Cannon, and 50 Mortars.

General *Berenclau*, with an Army of 21,000 Men, is in full March from the *Danube*, to join the Duke *d'Arembergh*'s Army on the *Rhine*, when that Junction is compleated it is tho'e the Duke will be able to attack the Prince of *Conti*, even at a Disadvantage, so that we may expect soon to hear some News of Importance from that Quarter.

[*Note* This Army of the Prince of *Conti*, on the most moderate Computation, are 65,000 Foot, and 25,000 Horse and Dragoons.]

Letters from *Ratisbon* bring the following as the Conclusion of a Letter wrote by the *French* King to the young Elector of *Bavaria*.

'—— You have here this ('tis notorious) receiv'd Propositions of Accommodation from the Parties who have long 'been seeking the Destruction of your illustrious House. As 'we are truly sensible, Sir, that your Breast is inflamed with 'the same amiable and princely Vertues which your Royal 'Father so remarkably possess'd, we trust you will not suffer 'them to be quench'd with the Thought of a base and dishonourable Peace. No! rather scarce afford yourself an Interval of Rest, 'till Death has laid you in a glorious Grave, 'or Fortune given the Dominion you were born to hold. The 'same Resolution as when first our Sword was drawn in Defence of your dear Father's Rights, we still maintain and 'persevere in, never to sheath it 'till its Provokers be duely 'humbled — Not that 'tis becoming a Prince to be averse to 'Peace upon good and proper Terms, for the Sake of his 'own Country, and even those of his direct Enemies. 'ore 'Mercy and Honour must be continually struggling in the 'Hearts of those assigned to govern Kingdoms. — Accept this 'by the Hand of our Minister, and with it something of 'more Consequence, &c ——'

According to Advices from *Italy*, the *Spanish* Army certainly decamped in the Evening of the 27th ult. in order to hasten their Junction with that of *Don Philip's*. The Rear-Guard was attack'd, and suffered greatly by the *Austrian* Hussars and some Detachments of *Piedmontese* Troops. The next Morning the *Austrian* Army quitted their Camp of *Modena*, and took the Rout of *Reggio*, from whence they will march to *Parma*. The *Spaniards* meeting with such unexpected Obstacles in gaining the Mountains of *San Pelegrino*, detert in great Numbers to the *Austrians*, which is said to amount to about 4000.

The *Austrian* Hussars brought into the Camp at *Villadar*, the 10th Instant, a Company of *French* Cavalry, which they took in their Cantonments.

May 30. Last Tuesday several Persons, by Orders from the War Office, set out for *Devonshire*, and the adjacent Counties, to buy up 4000 Horses to remount the *British* Cavalry in *Flanders*.

We hear, that the States General have sent a Sum of Money to Prince *Waldeck*, to reward those who behaved bravely in the late Action; and Orders at the same Time to punish with the utmost Severity all who behaved cowardly, and brought a Scandal on their Country.

They

They write from *Genoa*, that the *Spanish* and *Neapolitan* Armies were expected within a few Miles of that City on the 5th, where they were to repose for 2 or 3 Days, but what Route they are to take afterwards was uncertain; that Don *Philip*'s Army was assembling at *Alexandria*, in order to facilitate the Junction, but that as neither of those Armies had any heavy Artillery, nothing of Consequence could be undertaken by them 'till the Arrival of the Train preparing at *Nice*, or that which is on the Way from *Barcelona*; that Prince *Lobkowitz* was still encamped on the 30th at *Parma*, where the Recruits arrived daily; and that the Republick had granted Leave for the *Austrian* Troops to pass through their Territory, but excuse themselves from furnishing Provisions, which they hoped Prince *Lobkowitz* would take upon himself.

By a Letter from *Turin*, dated *April* 27th, we learn, that the *English* Squadron which cruises upon that Coast has sunk several *Catalan* Vessels within sight of Port *St Maurice*; and has burnt some others, and taken one with *Nine* Pieces of heavy Cannon, and other Stores on board.

June 4. According to Dispatches received by the Baron *De Reischach*, her *Hungarian* Majesty's Minister at the *Hague*, they are in no Pain at *Vienna* about the Election of the Grand Duke of *Tuscany* to the Imperial Dignity, having already secured for him seven Votes in the Electoral College.

There is Advice that the *French* Squadron lately sent from *Brest*, is gone to the Cape of *Good Hope*, in order to convoy home their Ships expected from *India* or to intercept the *English India* Company's Ships homeward bound, daily expected.

Berlin, *June* 7. On the 16th Instant a Messenger arrived here preceeded by 16 Postilions, with an Account, that on the 4th a bloody Battle happened between the *Austrians* under Prince *Charles*, and the *Prussians*, wherein the latter give out, that the *Austrians* had 5000 Men killed, and a great Number wounded, and lost 35 Pieces of Canon.

Florence, *June* 15. On the 9th Instant Prince *Lobkowitz* received an Order from the King of *Sardinia* to march immediately into the *Pavisan*, which he began to do the next Day, two Bridges having been prepared over the *Po* for that Purpose. In the last Week his *Britannick* Majesty's Ship the *Lowestoff*, Capt. *Bowater*, sent into *Leghorn* two Vessels with *Genoese* Colours, laden with Corn from the Coast of *Naples*, and on the 12th Inst. brought with him into that Port three more, two with *Genoese*, and one with *Neapolitan* Colours. On the 11th Instant, his *Britannick* Majesty's Ship the *Rochester*, brought into the Port of *Leghorn*, five Vessels, and after a Stay of some Hours only put to Sea again, and the next Morning returned with Thirteen more, great and small. On his Return to the Road, his Boats attacked two large Felucca's, which had on board Regimentals from *Orbitello*, but they got safe into Port.

Leghorn, *May* 30. The *English* Squadron which cruizes on the Coast of *Genoa*, has block'd up three *French* Men of War in the Port of *Villa Franca*, and two Bomb Vessels are gone from hence to bombard them. There is the greatest Scarcity that can be of all sorts of Provisions at *Genoa*, because all the Ships are taken by the *English* Fleet. It is said, that the Affairs of *Corsica* begin to be embroil'd again, and that great Numbers of the Malecontents are retir'd into the Mountains.

Breslau, *June* 9. Yesterday the Regiment of *Hacke* brought into this City upwards of 5000 Prisoners, *Austrians* and *Saxons*, with 5 Haubitzers, 65 Pieces of Cannon of different Bores, 78 Colours, 7 Standards, 8 Pair of Kettle Drums, and 31 Waggons belonging to the Saxon Troops; the whole taken both in the Battle and in the Pursuit. Among the *Saxon* Generals made Prisoners, or dead since, are the Generals *Arnsbaw*, *Pflug*, *Bestenbostel*, *Nitschmeschel*, and Prince *Christian William* of *Saxe Gotha*, who was Major General of their Cavalry, whose Body has been deposited in the *Lutheran* Church at *Striegau*. The Number of Officers taken Prisoners amounts to near 200. Some of them who have been in other Battles, own that they never saw one like this.

Hague, *June* 13. Major *Du Tour* arrived here this Evening between 6 and 7, with Advice, that the Citadel of *Tournay* capitulated on the 8th at Midnight. The Garrison marched out with all the Honours of War, 4 Pieces of Cannon, and 2 Mortars. It was reduced from 9000 to 5300 Men. They are to be escorted to *Courtray*, and from thence to *Ghent*; and are not to serve against *France* before the first of *January*, 1747. Baron *Dort*, who remain'd in the Town of *Tournay* on account of his Indisposition, is so well recovered, that he is expected here speedily. As soon as the *French* had taken Possession of the Barrier of the Citadel, his most Christian Majesty detach'd 20,000 Men to invest *Namure*. It is said, the *French* expect a Reinforcement of 26,000 Men; and that while the Count *De Clermont* carries on the Siege of *Namure*, the King and the Count *De Saxe* will cover it with their Army.

Hague, *June* 14. The News of the Surrender of the Citadel of *Tournay* has caus'd inexpressible Murmuring among the People of these Provinces, who flatter'd themselves, that the Governor of that Fortress would have been able to have held out some Weeks. In short, every Body is in the utmost Impatience to know the Reasons which occasioned the unexpected Surrender of that Place.

South-Carolina.

By His Excellency

JAMES GLEN, *Esq;*

Captain-General, Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over His Majesty's said Province.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General Assembly of this Province stands prorogued to *Tuesday* the *Eighth* Day of this Instant *October*; and as there appears no immediate Necessity for holding the General Assembly on the said Day, and the Affairs of several of the Members of the General Assembly require their Attendance at their respective Habitations in the present Harvest Season.

I have thought proper, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Honourable Council, further to prorogue the said General Assembly, to *Wednesday* the *sixth* Day of *November* next, and the said General Assembly is hereby prorogued to the said *sixth* Day of *November* accordingly.

Given under my Hand and the Great Seal of this His Majesty's Province, the Fifth Day of October, in the Year of our Lord 1745, *and in the Nineteenth Year of His Majesty's Reign.*

By his Excellency's Command,
John Champneys, *Dep. Secr.*

JAMES GLEN.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

CHARLES TOWN, October 7.

By Six *English* Sailors, who arrived at *Frederica* in *Georgia* on the 22d of *September*, we have certain Advice, that there were at *St Augustine* Seventeen *English* Prizes when they deserted, which was on the 18th; and that they were to sail in a short Time for the *Havanna*, under Convoy of *three* Privateers, by which they had been taken. 'Tis said several of them are Vessels bound from the Northward for this Port.

There is Advice, That a Ship from *Cowes*, one *Montpellier* Master, bound for this Port, was lately taken by the *French*, and carried into *Martinico*.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, CHARLES-TOWN,

Entered Inwards.

Brigt. John & Mary, John Huntley, from Hull.
Sloop Eleanor, Alexander McGillivray, from Montserrat.
Sloop Frances, Francis Dickinson, from Bermuda.
Sloop Ruby, Edward Styles, from Antigua.
Sloop Success, Bethel Langstaff, from Boston.

Entered Outwards.

Brigt. John & Mary, John Huntley, for Hull.
Sloop Eleanor, Alexander McGillivray, for Montserrat.

Clear'd for Departure.

Ship Flying Post, John Hussey, and
Sloop Diamond, Edward Evans, to Jamaica.
Sloop Mary, Walter Gaven, to Barbados

EXPORTED from this Place, since the *First* Day of *November*, 1744

Rice, 57,499 Barrels. Pitch, 8,333 Barrels. Tar, 1,286 Barrels. Turpentine, 900 Barrels. Deer Skins, 615 Hogsheads. Corn and Pease, 26,478 Bushels. Beef and Pork, 1,884 Barrels.

PRICE of Goods of this Country Produce.

Rice, 15 *lb.* 0 *d. per* 100 *wt*	Corn, 7 *s.* 6 *d. per Bushel.*
Pitch, 30 *lb.* 0 *d. per Barrel.*	Pease, 7 *s.* 6 *d. per Ditto.*
Tar, 25 *lb.* 0 *d. per Barrel.*	Staves, 15 *l. per Thousand.*
Turpentine, 10 *s.* 0 *d. Ditto*	Turp. Oil, 15 *s. per Gallon.*
Skins, 16 *lb* 3 *d. per Pound.*	Rozin, 10 *s.* 0 *d. per* 100 *wt*

Advertisements.

At the Court at St JAMES's, *the* 3*d Day of January*, 1744

PRESENT,

The KING's most excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Complaint hath been made to his Majesty at this Board, that the Commanders of Privateers have taken upon them to ransom Prisoners of War; and also that the Captains of Men of War and Privateers have taken upon them to ransom Ships taken as Prize when such Ships might have been conveniently brought into some Port of his Majesty's Dominions; and likewise that the Commanders of Privateers have neglected to send exact Copys of their Journals to the Secretary of the Admiralty, or to proceed to the Condemnation of their Prizes as soon as might be, His Majesty upon consideration thereof was pleased, with the Advice of his Privy Council, to direct that an additional Instruction should be prepared for his Royal Signature in order to put a Stop to such Practices for the future: And the said Additional Instruction having been accordingly prepared and signed by his Majesty; It is thereupon this Day ordered, by his Majesty in Council, that Copies of the said Additional Instruction be transmitted to the Governors or Commanders in Chief of all his Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in *America*, and that his Majesty's Pleasure in this behalf may be made known to such Persons who now have taken or shall hereafter take out Letters of Marque or Commissions for private Men of War against *France* and *Spain*.

W. SHARPE.

GEORGE *R.*

ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS to such Merchant-ships and Vessels as have, or may have Letters of Marque or Commissions for private Men of War against *France* or *Spain*, their Vassals and Subjects, or others inhabiting within their Countries, Territories or Dominions, by Virtue of our Commission granted under the Great Seal of *Great-Britain*, bearing Date the 18th Day of *June*, 1744. *Given at our Court at St. James's, the 27th Day of December*, 1744, *in the Eighteenth Year of Our Reign.*

Ist. THAT all Captains or commanding Officers of Privateers, do send an Account of, and deliver over what Prisoners shall be taken on board any Prizes, to the Commissioners appointed for the Exchange of Prisoners of War, or the Persons appointed in the Sea Port Towns to take Charge of Prisoners; and such Prisoners be subject only to the Orders, Regulations, and Directions of the said Commissioners. And that no Commander, or other Officer of any Man of War, or private Ship of War, do presume upon any Pretence whatsoever, to ransom any *French* or *Spanish* Prisoners.

IId. THAT no Commander of any Man of War or Privateer shall ransom any Ship taken as Prize, when such Ship may conveniently be brought into some Port of his Majesty's Dominions; and in Case any Ship taken as Prize, shall be ransomed, the Reasons for so doing, and the Conditions of such Ransom shall be transmitted to the Judge of the Admiralty, and preparatory Examinations upon the Standing Interrogatories shall be taken as in all Cases of Prize and Condemnation of such Ransom, shall be had according to the ancient Course and Practice of the Admiralty: And in Case any Commander of any Privateer, or Merchant Ship having a Letter of Marque, shall act contrary to their several Instructions, such Commander shall forfeit his Commission to all Intents and Purposes, and shall together with his Bail be proceeded against according to Law, and be condemned in Cost and Damages.

IIId. THAT all Commanders of Privateers, or Merchant-ships that shall have Letters of Marque, shall by every Opportunity send exact Copys of their Journals to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and proceed to the Condemnation of their Prizes as soon as may be, and without Delay

By His Majesty's Command,

HARRINGTON.

WILLIAM WRIGHT, Goldsmith, has removed to the House wherein Mr. *Joseph Moody* lately lived, in *Tradd street*, where he continues to carry on his Business as usual.

He also undertakes making and mending all manner of Jewelling Work, cutting Motto Rings, engraving Coats of Arms on Plate, or on Copper Plate, &c. all which will be perform'd and compleated in the neatest Manner.

RUN AWAY, a lusty Mustee Fellow, named *Cain*, formerly belonging to Mr. *Gadsden*, and now suppos'd to be harbour'd about Mr. *Shepheard's* Plantation up the Path, had on when he went away a check'd Shirt, a snuff colour'd Breeches, and strip'd Handkerchief. Also a Negro Woman named *Sabina*, lately belonging to Mr. *Richard Peake*, and suppos'd to be harbour'd at Mr. *Jones's* Plantation at *Ponpon*, had on when she went away a white Linnen Gown and one of Osnaburgs; she is tall and slim. Whoever takes up and brings the said Slaves to me in *Charles Town*, shall have 3*l.* Reward for each, besides reasonable Charges; and whoever gives Proof where they are harbour'd, shall have 10*l*, of

Richard Peake.

THIS is to give Notice, that the Subscriber has removed to the Corner House wherein Mr. *Brand* formerly dwelt; where Gentlemen from the Country may lodge their Horses, and have good Stabling and Food for them at the usual Rates. All Persons indebted to the Estate of *Peter Fayes* deceased, are desired to discharge the same by the first Day of *January* next, and oblige *Their humble Servant*,

MARY FYCOTT.

RUN AWAY from *James Boone*, a yellowish Negro Man, named *Will*, very slender, with a Cut in his upper Lip. Whoever takes up and brings him to his Master, or to the Work house in *Charles Town*, shall have 40 *s.* Reward, and all reasonable Charges.

ALL Persons indebted to *Stephen Hartley* late of *Charles Town*, are desired to pay their Accounts forthwith into the Hands of the Subscriber, he being appointed Trustee for the Creditors of the said *Hartley*. *Samuel Hurst*

STRAY'D into the Widow *Satur's* Plantation at *Santee*, a flea bitten Horse, about 13 Hands high, paces a little, branded on the near Buttock D, and on the mounting shoulder J but looks very much like a Horse. Whoever owns him paying the Charge and proving his Title, may have him again of *William McCauley*, or

Sept 23*d*, 1745. *John Gendron*, J.P.

A Small Bay Gelding, branded on the mounting Buttock WD is one, and on the off Buttock *Cff* in one. A forrel Gelding, branded on the mounting Buttock *Wc*. Any Person claiming either, may have them again proving their Title before *John Swan.*